

Distribution and expression of the 14 kDa fimbrial gene among *Salmonella* Enteritidis isolates and potential as diagnostic and epidemiological tools



Organisation: University of Adelaide

Publication: 1 January 1994

Researchers: C.J. Thomas

Categories: Food Safety

Tags: diagnostic potential, gene sequencing, *Salmonella enterica*

This 12-month study (1993-1994) aimed to capitalise on prior observations and develop a novel strategy for rapid identification of *Salmonella enterica* serovar Enteritidis in egg and egg products based on detection of DNA sequences encoding SEF14.

